

# ABTO Software

## WebRTC VoIP SIP SDK Manual



## I WORKFLOW

Simple video sample implementation.

1. SDK consists of 2 javascript files - ABTOPhoneUA.min.js and sip.min.js, so include it to your html page

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>

  <head>
    <script src="<path>sip.min.js" type="text/javascript"></script>
    <script src="<path>ABTOPhoneUA.min.js" type="text/javascript"></script>

    ...

  </head>

  <body>

    ...

  </body>

</html>
```

2. In body section create 2 video objects to display incoming and outgoing video streams and two buttons to start a call and to end the call:

```
<body>
  <video id="video_remote" autoplay="autoplay" style="width:480px;
height:320px;"></video>
  <video id="video_local" muted autoplay="autoplay" style="width:180px;
height:120px;"></video>

  <br/>
  <input type="button" id="btnCall" value="Call"/>
  <input type="button" id="btnHangup" value="Hang Up"/>
</body>
```

3. In head section create a script node. All further logic will be implemented there.

```
<script type="text/javascript">

...

</script>
```

4. Inside the script node create a function `createPhone` and set it as `onload` listener and a function `freePhone` and set it as `onbeforeunload` listener. The former should be responsible for creating, initializing and registering a phone object, the former one - for unregistering. Also declare a global variable which will hold the phone object and another variable for current call id.

```
var ABTOPhone = null;
var callID = -1;

window.onload = createPhone;
window.onbeforeunload = freePhone;

function createPhone(){

}

function freePhone() {

}
```

5. Inside the `createPhone` function add the code that initializes the phone and registers a user.

a. create `ABTOPhoneUA` instance

```
ABTOPhone = new ABTOPhoneUA();
```

b. set listeners for phone's events you need

```
ABTOPhone.onConnected = function() { };
ABTOPhone.onDisconnected = function() { };
...
ABTOPhone.onRecordReady = function(id, url) { };
```

You don't need to implement all of them but you definitely need `onInvited` event which fires when an incoming call arrives.

```
ABTOPhone.onInvited = function(id, from) {
  if (confirm('Accept call from ' + from)) {
    callID = id;
    ABTOPhone.setRemoteMedia(id, document.getElementById("video_remote"));
    ABTOPhone.accept(id);
  }
  else {
    ABTOPhone.reject(id);
  }
};
```

This example of onInvited event implementation is not practically useful, as it cannot be canceled and simultaneous incoming calls cannot be processed. But it is very simple and shows the usage of accept and reject methods.

ABTOPhone sdk is a multicall system and can handle multiple calls simultaneously, however his simple sample stores only a single current call id.

In case a call is accepted, callID is used to bind a video object to this call using setRemoteMedia function. In audio only implementations there may be an audio object instead of video.

#### c. add listeners for call and hangup buttons

```
var btnCall = document.getElementById("btnCall");
btnCall.onclick=function(){
    callID = ABTOPhone.call('101@html5sdk.abtollc.com');
    if (callID >= 0 ) {
        ABTOPhone.setRemoteMedia(callID, document.getElementById("video_remote"));
    }
};
```

Function call creates a call, sends INVITE to the other party and returns callID. You use callID to bind the video control with id video\_remote to this call. When callee accepts the invite, his video will be shown there.

```
var btnHangUp = document.getElementById("btnHangup");
btnHangUp.onclick=function(){
    ABTOPhone.bye(callID);
};
```

Function bye ends the call with id callID.

#### d. get access to hardware

```
ABTOPhone.startLocalMedia(document.getElementById("video_local"), null, null);
```

In this example browser will try to get access to both camera and microphone. Camera output instantly will be played on the video object with id video\_local. This method returns promise.

#### e. set required account fields and register the account

```
ABTOPhone.setSipDomain('html5sdk.abtollc.com');
ABTOPhone.setWSPort('15063');
ABTOPhone.setSipUserName('100');
ABTOPhone.setSipLogin('100');
ABTOPhone.setSipPassword('100');
ABTOPhone.initAndRegister();
```

initAndRegister function will first connect to a server and instantly start the registration process. After successful registration application fires onRegistered event and from now is able to place and accept calls.

6. Inside freePhone function add the code that unregisters the account and closes connection

```
if (ABTOPhone)  
    ABTOPhone.close();
```

This is needed not to leave parasite registrations after application is closed.

## II SETTERS AND GETTERS

### setters

*clearStunServers = function()*

removes all STUN servers and disables STUN

*addStunServer = function(url)*

*url* – string

adds a server to the list of STUN servers and enables STUN

*clearTurnServer = function()*

removes active TURN server and disables TURN

*setTurnServer = function(url, username, credential)*

*url* – string

*username* – string

*credential* – string

sets a TURN server and enables TURN

*setRemoteMedia = function(callId, remoteMedia)*

*callId* - integer; *remoteMedia* - Audio or Video object  
associates Audio or Video object with a remote party.

*setRecord = function(doRecord)*

*doRecord* - boolean

defines whether to perform remote party's media (audio and/or video)  
default value - false

*setSipDomain = function(sipDomain)*

*sipDomain* - string

defines the address of a sip server

*setSipProxy = function(sipProxy)*

*sipProxy* - string

defines the address of a proxy server. Optional – if not set, sipDomain is used instead.

*setWSPort = function(WSPort)*

*WSPort* - integer or string representing integer

defines websocket port of the sip server

*setSecure = function(secure)*

*secure* - boolean

defines whether websocket connection is performed via ws or wss  
default value - true (wss)

*setSipDisplayName = function(sipDisplayName)*

*sipDisplayName* - string

optional element of sip account. Is used in FROM SIP header.

*setSipUserName = function(sipUserName)*

*sipUserName* - string

element of sip account. Is used in FROM SIP header.

*setSipLogin = function(sipLogin)*

*sipLogin* - string

element of sip account. Is used to authenticate a user.

*setSipPassword = function(sipPassword)*

*sipPassword* - string

element of sip account. Is used to authenticate a user.

*setRegisterExpire = function(regExpire)*

*regExpire* - integer or string representing integer

sets registration validity duration. SDK will automatically prolong registration before this timeout. If not set, the default value is used.

## **getters**

*getIsConference = function()*

return value - boolean value which shows whether current calls are organized in a single conference

*getToken = function()*

return value - sip registration token (string)

*getIsRegistered = function()*

return value - boolean value which shows whether user is already registered with sip server

*getIsLocalMediaStarted = function()*

return value - boolean value which shows whether startLocalMedia was successful and local media stream is running

*getActiveCallsCount = function()*

return value - number of active calls

## III EVENTS

### connection and registration events

`onConnected = function()`

fires when connection to a sip server via websocket is established

`onDisconnected = function()`

fires when websocket connection is closed

`onConnectionError = function(error)`

fires when connection to a sip server via websocket was not successful. gives error string as a parameter

`onRegistered = function()`

fires when registration with sip credentials is successful

`onUnregistered = function()`

fires when unregistration is successful

`onRegisterError = function(code,status)`

fires when registration with sip credentials is not successful. gives error code and status text

`onUnregisterError = function(code,status)`

fires when unregistration was not successful/ gives error code and status text

`onReconnected = function()`

fires when registration was reestablished after connection loss

### sip messaging event

`onMessage = function(from, text)`

fires when a registered user gets SIP message MESSAGE. gives the sender address as 'from' and message text.

### media events

`onRemoteMediaStarted = function(callId,stream)`

fires when a media stream (stream parameter) of a remote party starts playing. callId parameter shows which remote party is it. Though this event gives a media stream, a developer should not bother handling it.

`onRemoteMediaStopped = function(callId)`

fires when a media stream of a remote party stops playing. callId parameter shows which remote party is it.



`onLocalMediaStarted = function(stream)`

fires when a browser has gained access to media resources (audio, video or both). Though this event gives a media stream, the developer should not bother handling it.

`onLocalMediaStartFailed = function(error)`

fires when a browser has failed to access media resources. Error is an object returned by `getUserMedia` function.

`onLocalMediaStopped = function()`

fires when the local media stream stops playing.

## call events

All events in this group take place within a call. ABTO SDK supports multiple simultaneous calls so all events have a common parameter `callId`, which shows to which call belongs this event.

`onInvited = function(callId,from)`

fires when a call arrives from a remote party. 'from' parameter shows the telephone number of the remote party.

`onRinging = function(callId,statusCode)`

Can fire in case of outgoing call. This event fires when a SIP message with `statusCode < 200` arrives, usually signaling that the call is placed on the remote party but the interlocutor hasn't accepted it yet (i.e. callee party is 'ringing').

`onRingingTransfer = function(callId,to)`

fires in the process of call transfer. Shows that the previous call is cleared and placing the call to the next interlocutor is in process (i.e. a transferee party is 'ringing'). The developer may use it to prepare the user interface as in case of an outgoing call. 'To' parameter shows transferee telephone number.

`onEstablished = function(callId, from)`

is fired when the call is successfully established after a callee accepts the call.

`onEstablishError = function(callId,code,status)`

fires when an error occurs in the process of establishing the call. Code is error code and status is reason phrase.

`onHangUp = function(callId)`

fires in those cases:

- when a remote party rejects the call
- when caller cancels his outgoing call
- when the call ends normally

`onCallCleared = function(callId)`

fires when the call ends, no matter if the call ends normally, is cancelled or as a result of an error. In almost all cases `onEstablishError` and `onHangUp` are followed by `onCallCleared`.

`onHold = function(callId, holdON, thisSideInitiated)`

fires when one of the parties initiates HOLD or releases HOLD. `holdON` is true when HOLD gets initiated and is false otherwise (released). `thisSideInitiated` is true when HOLD is initiated by the local side, and is false if HOLD is initiated by an interlocutor.

`onRecordReady = function(callId, bloburl)`

fires when media stream recording is finished and record is ready. The recorded stuff is stored in memory and `bloburl` is a link to it. The developer may download it to a file, start playback or upload it to a storage. Recording shall not start if `setRecord` was called with a *'false'* parameter or if it was not called at all.

## IV METHODS

`function ABTOPhoneUA(userAgent)`

This is the constructor of phone class. `userAgent` is an optional string parameter which sets a user agent for this object.

`init = function()`

Initializes phone object and starts connection to a SIP server via websocket. Connection parameters - address and port - must be set before this call by setters `setSipDomain` and `setWSPort` respectively. Depending on a result it will fire either `onConnected` or `onConnectionError`.

`uninit = function()`

closes websocket connection established by `init()`.

`register =function()`

establishes SIP registration using credentials previously set by setters `setSipUserName`, `setSipLogin`, `setSipPassword`. Depending on a result it will fire either `onRegistered` or `onRegisterError`.

`unRegister =function()`

removes current registration. Depending on a result it will fire either `onUnregistered` or `onUnregisterError`.

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`initAndRegister =function()`

this function first calls `init()` and if connection is established successfully it calls `register()`.

`reset = function()`

resets inner state without reconnection

`reconnect = function()`

performs reconnection after a random timeout

`recover = function(callId)`

if a call is in progress, it finishes it and sends invite anew

`startLocalMedia = function (localVideo, constraints, _stream)`

returns promise that initiates access to microphone and camera. `localVideo` is an HTML video object. If it is null audio only access is assumed. The latter logic may be overridden by `constraints`. `Constraints` is an optional parameter that defines what kind of resource to get access to (microphone, camera or both). Function uses WebRTC `getUserMedia` to get media resources with the `constraints` passed as a parameter. If `_stream` parameter is not null `startLocalMedia` uses this stream instead, so `constraints` are ignored. `Constraints` may also be used to select one of microphones or one of cameras if there are several of them.

`stopLocalMedia = function ()`

stops media stream previously accessed in `startLocalMedia`

`call = function(to, addThisCalleeToConference, customHeaders)`  
initiates a new call with callee "to" by sending an INVITE message. Optionally the INVITE message may contain custom headers. If `addThisCalleeToConference` is true the callee will join a conference. SDK supports a single conference at a time, the number of participants is not limited. If there is an active conference session, false value of `addThisCalleeToConference` will be ignored. Conference participants may invite others, however it is impossible to join a conference from outside. Conferencing (many-to-many calls) is possible within ABTO WebRTC SIP SDK only – conference calls with other types of clients will be established as usual calls (as one-to-many).

`hold = function(callId)`  
initiates call hold. If a call is on hold already, resumes the call

`mute = function()`  
mutes microphone

`unmute = function()`  
unmutes muted microphone

`transfer = function(callId, transferTo)`  
initializes call transfer. In the process of transfer the current call gets disconnected and a new call to a third party gets placed.

`sendDTMF = function(callId, DTMFCode)`  
sends sip DTMF code within established call

`sendMessage = function(messageTo, text)`  
sends sip MESSAGE to a recipient registered as "messageTo" with content as "text".

`bye = function(callId)`  
ends a call; amid conference bye on any of active calls triggers bye on all calls

`accept = function(callId)`  
accepts an incoming call

`reject = function(callId)`  
rejects an incoming call

`hangupAll = function()`  
hangs up all ongoing calls

`close = function()`  
this function is opposite to `initAndRegister` - it hangs up all ongoing calls, removes registration and closes websocket connection.